

# Thermanit Nicro 82

Solid wire, high-alloved, nickel-base

# Classifications

# AWS A5.14 / SFA-5.14

EN ISO 18274

FRNiCr-3

S Ni 6082 (NiCr20Mn3Nb)

## Characteristics and typical fields of application

Solid wire of S Ni 6082 (NiCr20Mn3Nb) / ERNiCr-3 type for welding of many creep-resistant steels and nickel alloys. Provides high resistance to cracking and is well-suited for dissimilar welding of stainless and nickel-base alloys to mild steels. Heat and high temperature resistant - can be used for welding nickel-base alloys for use in high temperature applications. Can also be used as a buffer layer in many difficult-to-weld applications, where the high nickel content will minimize the carbon diffusion from the mild steel into the stainless material. Good toughness at subzero temperatures as low as -269°C. Service temperature limit is max. 900°C for fully stressed welds. High resistance to stress corrosion cracking, but also excellent resistance to intergranular corrosion due to the low carbon content and absence of secondary phases.

# **Base materials**

Suitable for high-quality weld joints of nickel alloys, joint welding of dissimilar steels and difficult-to-weld combinations including low-temperature steels up to 5% Ni. high-temperature and creep resistant materials, scaling resistant, unalloved and high-alloved Cr and CrNiMo stainless steels. Dissimilar welding of 1.4583 X10CrNiMoNb18-12 and 1.4539 X2NiCrMoCu25-20 with ferritic pressure vessel boiler steels.

2.4816 NiCr15Fe, 2.4817 LC-NiCr15Fe, 1.4876 X10NiCrAITi32-21 NiCr15Fe, X8Ni9, 10CrMo9-10 Alloy 600, 600L, 800, 800H, UNS N06600, N07080, N0800, N08810

Typical analysis								
	С	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni	Nb	Fe	FN
wt%	0.02	0.2	2.8	19.5	> 67	2.5	< 2.0	0
Mechanical properties of all-wold metal - typical values (min_values)								

#### wechanical properties of all-weld metal

Condition	Yield strength R <sub>p0.2</sub>	Tensile strength $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{m}}$	Elongation A (L <sub>0</sub> =5d <sub>0</sub> )	Impact energy ISO-V KV J		
	MPa	МРа	%	20°C		
u	(≥ 380)	(≥ 620)	(≥ 35)	(≥ 90)		
u untreated as-welded – shielding gas $Ar + 30\%$ He + 2% H + 0.1% CO						

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#### Operating data

	Polarity	DC+	Dimension mm	
	Shielding gas	l1 Ar+30% He+2% H2+0.1% CO <sub>2</sub>	0.8	
	(EN ISO 14175)		1.0	
			1.2	

Preheating and post-weld heat treatment according to the parent metal. Attention must be paid to resistance to intercrystalline corrosion and embrittlement in case of austenitic stainless steels. To minimize the risk of hot cracking when welding fully austenitic and nickel-base alloys, heat input and interpass temperature must be low and there must be as little dilution as possible from the parent metal. Suggested heat input is max. 1.5 kJ/mm and interpass temperature max. 100°C.

Creep rupture properties according to matching high temperature steels / alloys up to 900°C.

For MIG welding: Polarity DC+. Shielding gas: Ar + 30% He + 2% H<sub>2</sub> + 0.1% CO<sub>2</sub> and pulsed arc. Gas flow: 15 - 20 l/min.

For automatic TIG welding: Polarity DC-. Shielding gas: Ar. Gas flow: 5 - 12 l/min.

# **Approvals**

TÜV (03089), DNV